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## Structure Reports

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## $N, N^{\prime}-B i s[(E)-(6-m e t h y l-2-p y r i d y l)-$ methylene]hexane-1,6-diamine

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Received 20 April 2009; accepted 4 May 2009
Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T=293 \mathrm{~K}$; mean $\sigma(\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{C})=0.004 \AA$; $R$ factor $=0.056 ; w R$ factor $=0.184$; data-to-parameter ratio $=20.8$.

The title compound, $\mathrm{C}_{20} \mathrm{H}_{26} \mathrm{~N}_{4}$, is composed of two (6-methyl-2-pyridyl)methylene units linked by a 1,6-diamine hexane chain. The molecule has $C_{i}$ symmetry with the inversion center situated at the mid-point of the central $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{C}$ bond. The alkyl chain has an all-trans conformation, with all the non-H atoms sharing the same plane [maximum deviation 0.004 (3) Å]. The pyridylmethylene groups are also planar [maximum deviation 0.009 (3) A ], making an angle of 53.78 (19) ${ }^{\circ}$ with the hexane chain plane. In the crystal, the molecules assemble in layers, stacking along the $a$ axis. The stacks are hold together by attractive interactions between $\pi$ electron systems.

## Related literature

For salen ligands, their structures and possible applications, see: Cozzi (2004); Li et al. (2007); Renehan et al. (2005); Mohamed et al. (2006). For ruthenium-salen complexes, see: Wu \& Gorden (2007). For the use of salen ligands to form metal-organic frameworks, see: Bu et al. (2001); van den Berga \& Arean (2008).


## Experimental

Crystal data
$\mathrm{C}_{20} \mathrm{H}_{26} \mathrm{~N}_{4}$
$M_{r}=322.45$
Orthorhombic, Pbca
$a=7.2713$ (10) A
$b=12.6671$ (18) A
$c=20.458$ (3) Å

## Data collection

Bruker SMART APEX CCD areadetector diffractometer Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Sheldrick, 2000)
$T_{\text {min }}=0.891, T_{\text {max }}=0.991$

## Refinement

$R\left[F^{2}>2 \sigma\left(F^{2}\right)\right]=0.056 \quad 111$ parameters
$w R\left(F^{2}\right)=0.184$
$S=0.88$
2308 reflections
$V=1884.3(5) \AA^{3}$
$Z=4$
Mo $K \alpha$ radiation
$\mu=0.07 \mathrm{~mm}^{-1}$
$T=293 \mathrm{~K}$
$0.17 \times 0.12 \times 0.09 \mathrm{~mm}$

7591 measured reflections 2308 independent reflections 742 reflections with $I>2 \sigma(I)$ $R_{\text {int }}=0.066$

H -atom parameters constrained
$\Delta \rho_{\max }=0.12 \mathrm{e}^{-3}$
$\Delta \rho_{\text {min }}=-0.15 \mathrm{e}^{-3}$

Data collection: SMART (Bruker, 2003); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2003); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: ORTEPII (Johnson, 1976); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXL97.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: SU2109).

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## supplementary materials

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## $N, N^{\prime}$-Bis $[(E)$-(6-methyl-2-pyridyl)methylene]hexane-1,6-diamine

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## Comment

Schiff bases and their complexes (salen ligands) continue to raise interest, even after a hundred years of research, due to their novel structures, their application in reversible binding of oxygen, their catalytic activity in hydrogenation of olefins, intermolecular transfer of amino groups, and their complexing ability towards some toxic metals (Cozzi, 2004; Li et al., 2007; Renehan et al.; 2005, Mohamed et al., 2006). Two important examples are, copper(I)-salen complexes investigated as antitumor agents, and ruthenium-salen complexes studied as protein kinase inhibitors by mimicking the structure of organic indolocarbazoles (Wu \& Gorden, 2007). Salen complexes have also been used to form metal-organic frameworks (MOFs), which are intensively sought for the storage of hydrogen and carbon dioxide (Berga \& Arean, 2008).

The title compound was synthesized to be used as a ligand/spacer in the construction of MOFs. For such purposes long-chain bidentate ligands may be useful to alter the cavity size, as reported by Bu et al., who showed that in some Cu (II) coordination compounds, the cavity size depends on the chain length of bis-sulfinyl ligands used.

The title compound is illustrated in Fig. 1, and the geometrical parameters are available in the archived CIF. It crystallizes with half a molecule in the asymmetric unit. The center of inversion is located at the middle point of the alkyl chain (C10-C10a). The hexane chain adopts an all-trans conformation. The mean plane of the pyridylmethylene group makes an angle of $53.78(19)^{\circ}$ with the central chain plane. The short C7-N2 bond length of 1.257 (3) $\AA$, shows the double bond character of this bond.

In the crystal structure the molecules assemble in layers stacked along the $a$ axis, as shown in Fig. 2.

## Experimental

5.5 mmol of 1,6-diamine was added to 11 mmol of 6-methyl-pyridil-2-aldehyde in toluene ( 50 ml ). The mixture was stirred at $160^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ with reflux in a Dean-Stark system until all the water was removed ( $\left.\sim 2 \mathrm{~h}\right)$. The solution was washed with diluted $\mathrm{HCl}(30 \mathrm{ml})$ and $\mathrm{NaHCO}_{3}(15 \mathrm{ml})$ and dried with $\mathrm{NaSO}_{4}$ anhydrous $(5 \mathrm{~g})$. Solvent was evaporated in a stirring water bath at $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ under nitrogen. The product was recrystallized from $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ to give the title compound in $40 \%$ yield.

## Refinement

The crystals of the title compound diffracted very poorly, displaying broad weak reflections, hence the ratio of observed/ unique reflections is only $32 \%$. H -atoms were positioned geometrically [ $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}=0.93-0.97 \AA$ ] and refined using a riding $\operatorname{model}\left[\mathrm{U}_{\text {iso }}(\mathrm{H})=1.2\right.$ or $1.5 \mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{eq}}($ parent C -atom $\left.)\right]$.

## supplementary materials

## Figures

Fig. 1. ORTEPII (Johnson, 1976) plot of the title compound. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the $50 \%$ probability level.

Fig. 2. Crystal packing of the title compound viewed along the c axis.

## $N, N^{\prime}$-Bis[(E)-(6-methyl-2-pyridyl)methylene]hexane- 1,6-diamine

## Crystal data

$\mathrm{C}_{20} \mathrm{H}_{26} \mathrm{~N}_{4}$
$M_{r}=322.45$
Orthorhombic, $P b c a$
Hall symbol: -P 2ac 2ab
$a=7.2713(10) \AA$
$b=12.6671$ (18) $\AA$
$c=20.458(3) \AA$
$V=1884.3(5) \AA^{3}$
$Z=4$
$F_{000}=696$
$D_{\mathrm{x}}=1.137 \mathrm{Mg} \mathrm{m}^{-3}$
Mo $K \alpha$ radiation
$\lambda=0.71073 \AA$
Cell parameters from 546 reflections
$\theta=3.2-20.3^{\circ}$
$\mu=0.07 \mathrm{~mm}^{-1}$
$T=293 \mathrm{~K}$
Prism, yellow
$0.17 \times 0.12 \times 0.09 \mathrm{~mm}$

## Data collection

Bruker APEX CCD area-detector diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube
Monochromator: graphite
$T=293 \mathrm{~K}$
$\varphi$ and $\omega$ scans
Absorption correction: multi-scan
(SADABS; Sheldrick, 2000)
$T_{\text {min }}=0.891, T_{\text {max }}=0.991$
7591 measured reflections
2308 independent reflections
742 reflections with $I>2 \sigma(I)$
$R_{\text {int }}=0.066$
$\theta_{\text {max }}=28.3^{\circ}$
$\theta_{\text {min }}=2.0^{\circ}$
$h=-9 \rightarrow 8$
$k=-16 \rightarrow 12$
$l=-22 \rightarrow 25$

## Refinement

Refinement on $F^{2}$
Least-squares matrix: full
$R\left[F^{2}>2 \sigma\left(F^{2}\right)\right]=0.056$
$w R\left(F^{2}\right)=0.184$
$S=0.88$
2308 reflections

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
H -atom parameters constrained
$w=1 /\left[\sigma^{2}\left(F_{\mathrm{o}}{ }^{2}\right)+(0.0774 P)^{2}\right]$
where $P=\left(F_{\mathrm{o}}^{2}+2 F_{\mathrm{c}}^{2}\right) / 3$
$(\Delta / \sigma)_{\max }<0.001$
$\Delta \rho_{\text {max }}=0.12 \mathrm{e} \AA^{-3}$

111 parameters
$\Delta \rho_{\text {min }}=-0.14$ e $\AA^{-3}$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods

Extinction correction: none

## Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two 1.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving 1.s. planes.
Refinement. Refinement of $F^{2}$ against ALL reflections. The weighted $R$-factor $w R$ and goodness of fit $S$ are based on $F^{2}$, conventional $R$-factors $R$ are based on $F$, with $F$ set to zero for negative $F^{2}$. The threshold expression of $F^{2}>\sigma\left(F^{2}\right)$ is used only for calculating $R$ factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. $R$-factors based on $F^{2}$ are statistically about twice as large as those based on $F$, and $R$ - factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $A^{2}$ )

|  | $x$ | $y$ | $z$ | $U_{\text {iso }}^{*} / U_{\text {eq }}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| N2 | $0.1193(3)$ | $0.29540(19)$ | $0.10261(10)$ | $0.0731(7)$ |
| C1 | $0.0485(4)$ | $0.4665(2)$ | $0.14588(13)$ | $0.0633(8)$ |
| N1 | $-0.0101(3)$ | $0.56245(18)$ | $0.12827(10)$ | $0.0667(7)$ |
| C5 | $-0.0300(4)$ | $0.6357(2)$ | $0.17502(13)$ | $0.0683(8)$ |
| C10 | $0.0506(4)$ | $0.05151(18)$ | $-0.00364(12)$ | $0.0711(8)$ |
| H10A | 0.0034 | 0.0880 | -0.0418 | $0.085^{*}$ |
| H10B | 0.1796 | 0.0366 | -0.0115 | $0.085^{*}$ |
| C9 | $0.0355(4)$ | $0.1241(2)$ | $0.05473(12)$ | $0.0719(8)$ |
| H9A | -0.0932 | 0.1400 | 0.0624 | $0.086^{*}$ |
| H9B | 0.0820 | 0.0877 | 0.0930 | $0.086^{*}$ |
| C2 | $0.0901(4)$ | $0.4398(2)$ | $0.20945(14)$ | $0.0792(9)$ |
| H2 | 0.1312 | 0.3724 | 0.2199 | $0.095^{*}$ |
| C7 | $0.0688(4)$ | $0.3890(2)$ | $0.09307(13)$ | $0.0674(8)$ |
| H7 | 0.0430 | 0.4102 | 0.0505 | $0.081^{*}$ |
| C8 | $0.1391(4)$ | $0.2259(2)$ | $0.04644(12)$ | $0.0760(9)$ |
| H8A | 0.2684 | 0.2104 | 0.0399 | $0.091^{*}$ |
| H8B | 0.0945 | 0.2619 | 0.0077 | $0.091^{*}$ |
| C6 | $-0.0943(5)$ | $0.7425(2)$ | $0.15397(13)$ | $0.0892(10)$ |
| H6A | 0.0012 | 0.7933 | 0.1616 | $0.134^{*}$ |
| H6B | -0.2018 | 0.7617 | 0.1785 | $0.134^{*}$ |
| H6C | -0.1238 | 0.7411 | 0.1082 | $0.134^{*}$ |
| C4 | $0.0072(4)$ | $0.6140(2)$ | $0.23978(14)$ | $0.0762(9)$ |
| H4 | -0.0095 | 0.6658 | 0.2715 | $0.091^{*}$ |
| C3 | $0.0690(4)$ | $0.5156(3)$ | $0.25715(14)$ | $0.0852(10)$ |
| H3 | 0.0963 | 0.5002 | 0.3005 | $0.102^{*}$ |

Atomic displacement parameters $\left(A^{2}\right)$
$U^{11}$
$U^{22}$
$U^{33} \quad U^{12}$
$U^{13}$
$U^{23}$

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| N2 | $0.0935(18)$ | $0.0568(16)$ | $0.0689(14)$ | $-0.0005(13)$ | $-0.0027(13)$ | $-0.0059(12)$ |
| C1 | $0.071(2)$ | $0.061(2)$ | $0.0577(16)$ | $-0.0117(15)$ | $0.0005(15)$ | $-0.0023(14)$ |
| N1 | $0.0852(17)$ | $0.0543(15)$ | $0.0605(13)$ | $-0.0067(13)$ | $0.0013(12)$ | $-0.0032(12)$ |
| C5 | $0.080(2)$ | $0.064(2)$ | $0.0614(17)$ | $-0.0082(16)$ | $-0.0006(16)$ | $-0.0020(15)$ |
| C10 | $0.091(2)$ | $0.0550(18)$ | $0.0675(16)$ | $0.0042(15)$ | $0.0070(17)$ | $0.0000(14)$ |
| C9 | $0.091(2)$ | $0.0575(18)$ | $0.0677(17)$ | $0.0042(17)$ | $0.0051(16)$ | $-0.0029(14)$ |
| C2 | $0.101(3)$ | $0.067(2)$ | $0.0701(19)$ | $-0.0010(18)$ | $-0.0052(18)$ | $-0.0026(17)$ |
| C7 | $0.081(2)$ | $0.061(2)$ | $0.0605(16)$ | $-0.0091(16)$ | $-0.0001(15)$ | $-0.0005(15)$ |
| C8 | $0.097(2)$ | $0.065(2)$ | $0.0654(17)$ | $0.0011(17)$ | $0.0064(16)$ | $-0.0070(15)$ |
| C6 | $0.130(3)$ | $0.061(2)$ | $0.0771(18)$ | $0.0014(19)$ | $0.000(2)$ | $-0.0048(16)$ |
| C4 | $0.095(2)$ | $0.068(2)$ | $0.0651(19)$ | $-0.0068(19)$ | $-0.0056(16)$ | $-0.0116(15)$ |
| C3 | $0.114(3)$ | $0.081(2)$ | $0.0602(17)$ | $-0.004(2)$ | $-0.0119(18)$ | $0.0020(18)$ |

Geometric parameters ( $\AA$, ${ }^{\circ}$ )

| N2-C7 | 1.257 (3) |
| :---: | :---: |
| N2-C8 | 1.455 (3) |
| C1-N1 | 1.338 (3) |
| C1-C2 | 1.377 (4) |
| C1-C7 | 1.467 (4) |
| N1-C5 | 1.340 (3) |
| C5-C4 | 1.380 (4) |
| C5-C6 | 1.495 (4) |
| C10-C10 ${ }^{\text {i }}$ | 1.506 (5) |
| C10-C9 | 1.511 (3) |
| C10-H10A | 0.9700 |
| C10-H10B | 0.9700 |
| C9-C8 | 1.503 (3) |
| C7-N2-C8 | 118.5 (2) |
| N1-C1-C2 | 123.2 (3) |
| N1-C1-C7 | 116.2 (2) |
| C2- $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 7$ | 120.6 (3) |
| C1-N1-C5 | 118.1 (2) |
| N1-C5-C4 | 121.7 (3) |
| N1-C5-C6 | 117.1 (2) |
| C4-C5-C6 | 121.2 (3) |
| C10 ${ }^{\text {i }}$ - $\mathrm{C} 10-\mathrm{C} 9$ | 114.4 (3) |
| $\mathrm{C} 10^{\mathrm{i}}-\mathrm{C} 10-\mathrm{H} 10 \mathrm{~A}$ | 108.7 |
| C9-C10-H10A | 108.7 |
| $\mathrm{C} 10^{\mathrm{i}}-\mathrm{C} 10-\mathrm{H} 10 \mathrm{~B}$ | 108.7 |
| C9-C10-H10B | 108.7 |
| H10A-C10-H10B | 107.6 |
| C8-C9-C10 | 113.3 (2) |
| C8-C9-H9A | 108.9 |
| C10-C9-H9A | 108.9 |
| C8-C9-H9B | 108.9 |
| C10-C9-H9B | 108.9 |
| H9A-C9-H9B | 107.7 |

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## supplementary materials

| $\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 1$ | $118.3(3)$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{H} 2$ | 120.9 |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 5$ | $-0.4(4)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 7-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 5$ | $-179.8(2)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{C} 4$ | $-0.3(4)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{C} 6$ | $179.6(3)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 10-\mathrm{C} 10-\mathrm{C} 9-\mathrm{C} 8$ | $179.5(3)$ |
| $\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3$ | $0.4(5)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 7-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3$ | $179.9(3)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 8-\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{C} 7-\mathrm{C} 1$ | $-178.5(2)$ |


| $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{H} 3$ | 120.5 |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{H} 3$ | 120.5 |
| $\mathrm{~N} 1-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 7-\mathrm{N} 2$ | $-178.7(3)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 7-\mathrm{N} 2$ | $1.9(4)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 7-\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 9$ | $-127.9(3)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 10-\mathrm{C} 9-\mathrm{C} 8-\mathrm{N} 2$ | $178.8(2)$ |
| $\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 3$ | $1.0(4)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 6-\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 3$ | $-178.9(3)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 2$ | $-0.9(5)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 4$ | $0.3(5)$ |

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x,-y,-z$.

## supplementary materials

Fig. 1


Fig. 2


